

Brussels, 6.4.2022 C(2022) 1931 final

ANNEX 2

ANNEX

to the

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) .../....

supplementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards specifying the details of the content and presentation of the information in relation to the principle of 'do no significant harm', specifying the content, methodologies and presentation of information in relation to sustainability indicators and adverse sustainability impacts, and the content and presentation of the information in relation to the promotion of environmental or social characteristics and sustainable investment objectives in precontractual documents, on websites and in periodic reports

Framseld reglugerð framkvæmdastjórnarinnar (ESB) .../....

til viðbótar við reglugerð Evrópuþingsins og ráðsins (ESB) 2019/2088 með tilliti til tæknilegra eftirlitsstaðla sem tilgreina upplýsingar um innihald og framsetningu upplýsinganna í tengslum við meginregluna "að gera ekki verulega neikvæðan skaða", þar sem tilgreint er innihald, aðferðafræði og framsetning upplýsinganna í tengslum við sjálfbærnivísa og skaðleg sjálfbærniáhrif, og innihald og framsetning upplýsinganna í tengslum við kynningu á umhverfis- eða félagslega eiginleika og sjálfbær fjárfestingarmarkmið í skjölum fyrir samninga, á vefsíðum og í reglubundnum skýrslum

Legal entity identifier: 2549007N1MZP1G29M668

ANNEX II

Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable **investment** means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

Product name: Stefnir - Grænaval

Regulation (EU)
2020/852,
establishing a list of
environmentally
sustainable
economic activities.
That Regulation does
not lay down a list of
socially sustainable
economic activities.
Sustainable
investments with an
environmental
objective might be
aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?				
••		Yes	•• 🗶	No
	sustai	make a minimum of nable investments with an onmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	char its ol have	omotes Environmental/Social (E/S) acteristics and while it does not have as bjective a sustainable investment, it will a minimum proportion of% of ainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%		~	omotes E/S characteristics, but will not e any sustainable investments	



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

The fund promotes environmental and social characteristics by ESG assesment and screening.

Exclusion filters are applied to the portfolio construction process to exclude investments in companies and issuers with significant exposure to certain activities deemed to be detrimental to the environment or the society at large

The environmental and/or social characteristics of this fund include:

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the

financial product are

attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

Environmental

- Climate change and greenhouse gas emissions
- Resource depletion, including water
- Waste and pollution

Social

- Working conditions, including no child labour or slavery
- Health and safety
- Employee relations and diversity
 - What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

To measure the attainment of the environmental or social characteristics, the investment manager will use climate-, other environmental and social indicators to the extent that relevant data is available. Indicators used are for example, but not limited to:

- Carbon emission score
- Carbon emission performance relative to peers
- Water Stress Score Quartile
- Natural Capital Theme Score
- Pollution & Waste Theme Score
- MSCI Toxic Emissions & Waste Score Quartile
- BESG Waste Management Issue Percentile
- Company's Social Pillar Score Quartile
- MSCI Social Pillar Score
- MSCI Health & Safety Exposure Score
- MSCI Labor Management Employee Satisfaction Score

The assessment is currently conducted with data from third party providers as well as self-reported data from companies invested in when available. Companies are excludes based on a minimum ESG rating by external rating agencies. The seeks to not invest in companies with a lower rating than B (MSCI ESG Rating) and/or a higher risk score than 36 (Sustainalytics ESG Risk Rating). No minimum scores are on individual sub parameters, but they contribute to the overall rating and scores.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, For informational and data tracking reasons, the Investment manager assesses the performance of the investments across multiple PAI indicators. The specific PAI indicators that are observed are subject to data availability and may evolve with improving data quality and availability.

No

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The investment manager will on behalf of the fund have ESG is integrated into the strategy by excluding funds due to their exposure to certain activities that have been deselected based on ESG considerations (UN Global Compact violation).

Primary components applied are the following:

Consideration of controversies, i.e. non-financial information in regard to the issuers of securities.

Exclusion of companies that are involved in the manufacturing, use or possession of controversial weapons.

Following exclusion process based on ESG considerations, funds are evaluated based on quantitative and qualitative measures as well as ESG measures for ranking within viable investment universe.

The criteria that the fund's investments must meet in order to be selected are determined based on independent external research that has been validated internally and are linked to compliance with the principles of the United Nations (UN) Global Compact (principles relating to respecting human rights, labour standards, environmental standards and anti-corruption standards).





The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance. Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure
 (CapEx) showing the
 green investments
 made by investee
 companies, e.g. for a
 transition to a green
 economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

It follows therefore that the fund's investment that do not comply with the UN Global Compact and that would encounter major controversies are excluded from the portfolio.

Nevertheless, after a thorough analysis of the situation and/or when active discussions have led to a satisfactory resolution or management of the controversy encountered by the issuer, a security may be maintained in a portfolio following approval by an independent committee within the Investment Manager.

Business controversies include industrial accidents, significant environmental pollution, convictions for corruption, money laundering, serious violations of UN human rights conventions and structurally damaging governance problems.

Controversies are assessed based on their impact, in particular in regard to their severity, frequency and the company's reaction to the controversy.

In addition, companies operating in controversial sectors will be excluded.

In regard to controversial weapons, securities are screened so that the fund does not invest in securities issued by a company whose activity consists of the manufacture, use or possession of controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, fragmentation bombs, biological and chemical weapons, depleted uranium).

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

Sector- or value-based exclusions prevent investments into activities that are deemed to be inappropriate for the strategy.

The fund employs negative screening (does not invest in) on fur production and animal experiments, gambling, nuclear power, coal and oil sands processing, pornography, loan sharking, activities which violate basic human rights, e.g. slavery and Arms manufacturing.

It employs positive screening (looks to companies who are driving positive development in the sector) on alcohol producers, mining and oil production.

It employs best in class screening (companies that perform best among its peers on ESG measures, according to internal measures and based on third party ratings agencies) on animal testing intended for drug development and tobacco production.

Internal assessment is performed on companies' publications, the different parameters published by rating agencies and in some cases dialog with companies' representatives.

More information on the exclusion policy is available in the sustainability-related website information here: https://www.stefnir.is/english/sustainability/

The fund adheres to Stefnir's Responsible Investment Policy.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

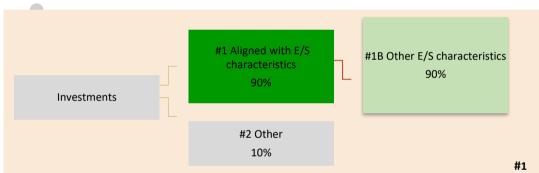
There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies? Good governance practices of investee companies is addressed in the security selection process and on an ongoing basis. Public data from investee companies and other sources are analyzed and third party (MSCI, Sustainalytics and Bloomberg) reports, analysis and ratings on governance practices are also a factor in the process. Amongst others, companies are screened for good governance by assessing their employee relations, pay practices and management structure and diversity.



What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

*Investments means the fund's NAV which is the total market value of the fund.



Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product. The fund is expected to dedicate 90% to investments that are aligned with its E/S characteristics

#2Other includes the remaining investments (Cash, derivatives, other investments, such as UCITS, other UCI, ETF, ETC and Fixed income, for which there is insufficient data) of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The fund does not use derivatives for the attainment of its environmental or social characteristics.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The fund has no minimum share of investments aligned with the EU Taxonomy, i.e. 0 % minimum target.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax

compliance.

Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

are
sustainable
investments with
an environmental
objective that do
not take into
account the
criteria for
environmentally
sustainable
economic activities
under the EU

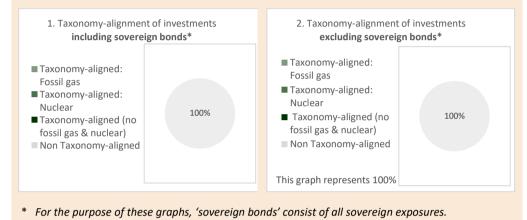
Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? The minimum share of investments of the fund in transitional activities is 0 %. The minimum share of investments of the fund in enabling activities is 0 %.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A



¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objectives - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

"Other" investments include cash, cash equivalents, investments for diversification purposes or investments such as UCITS, other UCI, ETF, ETC and Fixed income, for which data is lacking and does not follow any minimum environmental or social safeguards.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

N/A

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



More product-specific information can be found on the website:

https://www.stefnir.is/english/sustainability/

